

1) **Fiche to be used for each step:**

The step under review	Implement measures aimed at protecting vulnerable customers with a methodology in place to measure energy poverty levels (by December 2025).
Baseline	<p><i>Baseline (2024) is 0.</i></p> <p>Review the experience with block tariffs, identify the opportunities for protecting vulnerable customers in coverage and adequacy, and implement measures aimed at protecting vulnerable customers with a methodology in place to reduce energy poverty.</p>
Deadline of the step	December 2025
Actual results	<p>The new Energy Law entered into force on 29 May 2025. As of the date of entry into force of the Energy Law (*) (Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia No. 101/25), the Law, among other things, transposes Directive (EU) 2019/944 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 June 2019 on common rules for the internal market for electricity and amending Directive 2012/27/EU (CELEX No. 32019L0944). Specifically, Article 10 of the Energy Law, in accordance with the Directive, defines the categories of vulnerable customers, regulates the adoption of the annual Programme for the Protection of Vulnerable Customers, the determination of the number of vulnerable customers, as well as the methods of protection of these categories through financial and non-financial measures.</p> <p>The obligation to adopt a methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty arises from Article 6 of the Energy Law.</p> <p>In order to review the experience with block tariffs, to identify opportunities for the protection of vulnerable consumers in coverage and adequacy and to implement measures aimed at protecting vulnerable consumers with an established Methodology for reducing energy poverty, the Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources (hereinafter: the Ministry) in August 2025 requested the Energy Regulatory Commission to prepare an analysis. The analysis was submitted to the Ministry on 01.10.2025 (Letter from the Energy Regulatory Commission No. 12-1622/2 of 30.09.2025 with an Analysis of the</p>

experience of introducing block tariffs for electricity in the Republic of North Macedonia and a comparative review of experiences with the introduction of block tariffs in neighboring countries).

The comparative analysis of block tariffs in North Macedonia, Serbia, Kosovo, and Albania indicates significant similarities in the fundamental objective of the system—namely, ensuring social equity through the protection of small and vulnerable customers and sending price signals to promote the rational use of electricity among high-consumption customers. However, there are also substantive differences among the countries in the manner in which the tariff structure is designed and applied. In the Republic of North Macedonia, the most complex model has been established, comprising four consumption blocks and a progressive allocation of consumption, which ensures that a portion of the consumed electricity is always billed at the lower blocks. This approach provides greater protection for households and more appropriate targeting of different levels of consumption. In Serbia and Kosovo, the calculation is based on a proportional allocation of consumption according to the share of each tariff in total consumption.

To achieve this step of implementing measures aimed at protecting vulnerable consumers with an established Methodology for measuring energy poverty levels, the following activities were undertaken:

The Ministry, by Decision with arch. No. 08-784/1 of 12.02.2025, established a working group to determine the Methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty. Members of the Working Group are representatives from the Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources, Ministry of Social Policy, Demography and Youth, Regulatory Commission for Energy, Water Services and Municipal Waste, EVN Home, Electricity Distribution, Habitat Macedonia, with the amendment of this Decision with arch. No. 08-784/2 of 04.03.2025, representatives from the State Statistical Office were also included.

The meetings were held on a weekly basis (attachment: minutes and attendance lists). The working group followed the recommendations of the Energy Community, in particular the indicators relating to energy consumption and household income. At the same time, the working group reviewed the experiences of the EU Member States, assessed that the national standard for minimum living area should be 40m², reviewed and determined the typical energy consumption by construction period. For the purposes of preparing the Methodology, the working group was informed that the State Statistical Office, in accordance with the Law on State Statistics ("Official Gazette of the Republic of Macedonia" No. 54/97, 21/07, 51/11, 104/13, 42/14, 192/15, 27/16, 83/18 and 220/18 and "Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia" No. 31/20) and

the Statistical Research Program for the period 2023-2027 ("Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia" No. 29/23), conducts an annual survey on household consumption, an integral part of which are the costs of electricity, heating energy and firewood

At the same time, the working group discussed that the new Energy Law establishes a clear definition of a vulnerable consumer, lists five categories of vulnerable consumers and requires the adoption of an annual Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers, which should specify the energy efficiency measures and/or financial support measures that should be implemented in order for the state to address the situation of energy poverty. At the same time, the law establishes the possibility for the Government to provide lower prices for vulnerable and energy poor households, but currently, in conditions where there is no register of vulnerable energy consumers, any analysis regarding the possibility of determining energy prices is not applicable. The working group prepared a draft Methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty, for which opinions were requested from the Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Social Policy, Demography and Youth, Ministry of Health, Regulatory Commission for Energy and Water Services, State Statistical Office and at the same time from the Secretariat of the Energy Community. (attachment opinions) The methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty was adopted and enacted on 18.09.2025 by the Minister of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources with arch. no. 08-2830/7 and is publicly published on the website of the Ministry. (<https://portal.mdt.gov.mk/post-body-files/reformska-agenda-file-TSlj.pdf>)

According to the latest information received during the preparation of the Methodology:

- The right to guaranteed minimum financial support during 2024 was used by an average of 35,180 beneficiaries/households, according to official records in the electronic system for administering cash benefits.
- The right to social security for the elderly during 2024 was used by an average of 13,059 beneficiaries/households, according to official records in the electronic system for administering cash benefits.
- A household living in energy poverty is a household whose income, after covering energy costs, falls below the officially established poverty threshold. Such a household is considered energy poor.
- The classification of the energy efficiency of residential buildings is carried out on the basis of their annual energy consumption. It is assumed that the most vulnerable categories of households live in buildings with energy class F, which covers buildings with low efficiency and consumption up to 250 kWh/m²a, or the lowest class, G, which covers buildings with energy consumption greater than

250 kWh/m²a. Energy consumption is determined by energy certificates for a completed energy audit of the building.

- As an exception to this classification, for buildings that have not been renovated and do not have an energy performance certificate, for the purposes of determining the energy poverty status, calculated values according to the year of construction are applied. Thus, buildings built before 1965 are considered to have a consumption of 250 kWh/m²a, those built in the period from 1965 to 1980 have a consumption of 175 kWh/m²a, buildings from the period from 1981 to 1990 have a consumption of 75 kWh/m²a, while buildings built after 1991 are considered to consume around 50 kWh/m²a..
- For the purposes of determining whether a household is in a state of energy poverty, the useful floor area used by the household is also taken into account, which is determined according to the number of people in it. Thus, for one person, 40 m² of useful floor area is calculated, for two people 50 m², for three people 60 m², for four people 70 m², for five people 80 m², and for six people 90 m² of useful floor area.

Based on the Energy Law, in Article 10, it is determined that a vulnerable energy consumer is a consumer from the household category that is in a state of energy poverty, due to inaccessibility to basic energy services that provide acceptable standards of living and health, including adequate heating, hot water, cooling, lighting and energy to power household appliances, inability to implement energy efficiency measures due to low income, or the high share of energy costs in the total household income.

For the purposes of determining the conditions of the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers, the Ministry first provided data on the average salary in December 2024 in the Republic of North Macedonia (43,587.00 denars) and data on the minimum salary earned in December 2024 in the Republic of North Macedonia (22,567.00 denars).

A household living below the official poverty threshold in 2024, according to data from the State Statistical Office, is considered a four-member household whose net monthly income was less than 31,200.00 denars.

On the basis of these input data, the Ministry proceeded with the detailed determination of the threshold values of total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in 2024 (as described in more detail below for each public call).

Based on the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers (“Official Gazette of the Republic of North Macedonia” No. 34/25, 104/25 (In Attachment), 3 Public Notices were published, as follows:

1. According to the first Public Announcement (attached) published on 19.03.2025 with a duration of 30 days from the date of its publication,

i.e. ending on 19.04.2025, the Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources grants financial support to:

1.1 households with one or more children with disabilities, beneficiaries of a special allowance in accordance with the Child Protection Law, whose total net income subject to taxation in accordance with the Personal Income Tax Law of household members in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 42,000.00 denars for a household with two members,
- 60,000.00 denars for a household with three members and
- 80,000.00 denars for a household with four or more members, not counting the special allowance in accordance with the Child Protection Law.

1.2 a caregiver who takes care of one person in their family, a beneficiary of a care allowance in accordance with Article 123 of the Law on Social Protection, whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in accordance with the Law on Personal Income Tax of Household Members in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 42,000.00 denars for a household with two members,
- 60,000.00 denars for a household with three members and
- 80,000.00 denars for a household with four or more members, not counting the allowance for taking care of one person.

1.3 a caregiver who takes care of two people in his/her family, a beneficiary of a care allowance in accordance with Article 123 of the Law on Social Protection, whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in accordance with the Law on Personal Income Tax of Household Members in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 80,000.00 denars for a household with three members and
- 100,000.00 denars for a household with four or more members, not counting the allowance for taking care of one or more people.

1.4 a caregiver who takes care of three people in his/her family, a beneficiary of a care allowance in accordance with Article 123 of the Law on Social Protection, whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in accordance with the Law on Personal Income Tax of Household Members in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 120,000.00 denars for a household with four or more members, not counting the allowance for taking care of one or more people.

1.5. a caregiver who takes care of four people in his/her family, a beneficiary of a care allowance in accordance with Article 123 of the Law on Social Protection, whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in accordance with the Law on Personal Income Tax of Household Members in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 140,000.00 denars for a household with five or more members, not counting the allowance for taking care of one or more people.

1.6 a caregiver who takes care of five people in his/her family, a beneficiary of a care allowance in accordance with Article 123 of the Law on Social Protection, whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in accordance with the Law on Personal Income Tax of Household Members in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 160,000.00 denars for a household with six or more members, not counting the allowance for taking care of one or more people

The Ministry formed two committees that reviewed the received applications (the decisions on the formation of committees are attached). The data from the received applications were compared with the official data held by the Ministry of Social Policy and Youth (regarding the status of children with disabilities and foster parents), as well as with the Public Revenue Office regarding the total net income generated in 2024 by the household, and in accordance with the signed memorandums of cooperation (attached).

Based on the reviews conducted and the comparative data, a total of 340 households in the category of children with disabilities and 94 households in the category of foster families were granted the right to financial support. Financial support is provided from the funds of the Budget of the Republic of North Macedonia through a reduction of the electricity bill, in accordance with the signed Protocol for Cooperation with EVN Home DOOEL (attached), in the amount of 1,000.00 denars per month, for a period of 12 months from the date of application. To date, a total of 3,943,000.00 denars has been disbursed. Payments will continue in 2026. The total amount of funds to be disbursed is 5,208,000.00 denars (attached Payment Decisions).

The second public announcement (attached) also referred to financial support for consumed electricity for:

1. a household with one or more people with disabilities with severe or profound intellectual disability, with the most severe physical disability, a completely blind person and a completely deaf person, beneficiaries of a special disability allowance over 26 years of age, regardless of age, in accordance with Article 44 of the Law on Social Protection, whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in accordance with the Law on Personal Income Tax of Household Members in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 24,500.00 denars for a single-member household,
- 42,000.00 denars for a household with two members,
- 60,000.00 denars for a household with three members and
- 80,000.00 denars for a household with four or more members, not counting the special allowance in accordance with the Law on Social Protection.

When calculating the total household income subject to monthly taxation in accordance with the Personal Income Tax Law, the disability allowance is not taken into account when calculating the total net household income. in the category of vulnerable energy consumers for 2025, it was published in August 2025

For this public announcement, the Ministry formed four committees that reviewed the received applications (the decisions on the formation of committees are attached). The data from the received applications were compared with the official data held by the Ministry of Social Policy, Demography and Youth (regarding the status of persons with disabilities), as well as with the Public Revenue Office regarding the total net income generated in 2024 by the household, in accordance with the signed memorandums of cooperation.

For this public call, the right to financial support was granted to 72 households in the category of households with one or more persons with the most severe physical disabilities, 46 households in the category of households with one or more persons with severe or profound intellectual disabilities, 146 households in the category of households with one or more totally blind persons, and 98 households in the category of households with one or more totally deaf persons. Financial support is provided from the funds of the Budget of the Republic of North Macedonia through a reduction of the electricity bill, in accordance with the signed Protocol for Cooperation with EVN Home DOOEL. The financial support consists of a reduction of the electricity bill in the amount of 1,000.00 denars per month, for a period of 12 months from the date of application. To date, a total of 1,774,000.00 denars has been disbursed. Payments will continue in 2026, for which funds have been allocated in the Budget of the Republic of North Macedonia for 2026 under Section 10101 – Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources, Sub-programme 32 – Energy Development, Item 464 – Miscellaneous Transfers. The total amount of funds to be disbursed is 4,344,000.00 denars (2026 State Budget attached).

The third public call (attached) was published in August 2025. This public call was intended to support households falling within the category of vulnerable energy customers for 2025, through the granting of the right to a purchased and installed inverter air-conditioning unit. Under this public call, the right to a purchased and installed inverter air-conditioning unit may be exercised by:

1.1 a household that is in a state of energy poverty (hereinafter referred to as low-income households), due to lack of access to basic energy services that provide acceptable standards of living and health, including adequate heating, hot water, cooling, lighting and energy to power household appliances, inability to implement energy efficiency measures due to low income, or the high share of energy costs in the total household income in accordance with Article 10 paragraph (1) item 1 of the Energy Law and whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 25,000.00 denars for a single-member household,
- 31,000.00 denars for a two-member household,
- 37,000.00 denars for a three-member household and
- 43,000.00 denars for a household with four or more members.

1.2. In which the only income is from a pension beneficiary whose amount is lower than the amount of the average pension according to law, in accordance with Article 10 paragraph (1) item 5 of the Energy Law, and whose total net income subject to taxation on a monthly basis in 2024 did not exceed the amount of:

- 15,700.00 denars for a single-member household,
- 19,800.00 denars for a household with two members and
- 23,700.00 denars for a household with three or more members

As of 5 October 2025, about 7,000 households have registered. Two commissions have been formed (attached Decisions on the establishment of commissions). The checks in accordance with the signed Memorandums with the Ministry of Social Policy, Demography and Youth and the Public Revenue Directorate and the work of the commissions are still ongoing. The results of this public announcement will be announced soon. 170,000,000.00 denars are foreseen for the implementation of this public announcement. These funds are also provided in the State Budget of RNM for 2026 – Section 10101-Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources, Subprogram 32–Energy Development, Item 464 – Miscellaneous Transfers.

The Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources, for the implementation of the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers for 2025, has initiated a public procurement procedure for Inverter Air Conditioners for vulnerable energy consumers who will acquire the right to a purchased and installed inverter air conditioner with a power of 3.5 kW. For the implementation of this program, part of the funds in the total amount of 170,000,000.00 denars are intended to encourage energy efficiency in households through the acquisition of the right to inverter air conditioners. Before publishing the public procurement notice, the Ministry, through the EPPS system, announced a Technical Dialogue on 21.08.2025 in order to animate potential economic operators for

this procedure. The purpose of conducting the technical dialogue is to obtain information or recommendations on the technical specification, the method of delivery or installation of the devices, the quality criteria, as well as to check the availability on the market for the specific subject of procurement. After completion of the same and after final preparation of the technical specification and tender documentation, as well as after completion of the administrative check which is mandatory in accordance with Article 172 paragraph (3) of the Public Procurement Law, the public procurement notice was published on 22.09.2025. At the public opening (minutes attached) which was held on 22.10.2025, two offers were received which were incomplete and therefore unacceptable. After completion of the evaluation and in accordance with the Report of the conducted procedure on 05.11.2025, a Decision was adopted to annul the public procurement procedure (attached).

The second procedure was initiated on 17.11.2025 again with the publication of a Technical Dialogue, for which minutes were prepared and the tender documentation was prepared and sent for administrative review. After implementation of the recommendations received from the Public Procurement Bureau, the public procurement notice was published on 12.12.2025. The procedure is ongoing and the public opening is scheduled for 13.01.2026.

The Working Group for Determining the Methodology for Measuring the Level of Energy Poverty held 3 meetings during December regarding the preparation of an Analysis for Reducing Energy Poverty in order to identify the need to amend the relevant legal and by-laws that will contribute to improving the protection of vulnerable energy consumers and reducing energy poverty.

Representatives of AETS presented the findings of the Draft Analysis on the need to amend the relevant legal and by-laws related to energy poverty and support for vulnerable energy consumers, explaining the methodology of work, the data used, as well as the main findings and recommendations. The Draft Analysis covers the situation at the national level and identifies the key factors contributing to the emergence and deepening of energy poverty, as well as comparative experiences of the EU Member States. The Working Group also reviewed several generally accepted definitions of energy poverty, which are used in the European Union and beyond (minutes attached) and reached consensus on a draft definition of energy poverty that unites social and energy aspects and allows for practical application in measuring and monitoring the situation. This draft definition is expected to be incorporated into the Methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty in the coming period, after previously receiving an opinion from the Energy Community Secretariat.

	<p>The Ministry is preparing a Report on the Implementation of the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers 2025, which will be submitted to the Government for information in January 2026. (Draft Report attached).</p> <p>On 15 December 2025, a public hearing was held in Skopje on the draft National Energy and Climate Plan 2025–2030 (NECP). Јавна расправа за Нацрт Националниот план за енергија и клима 2025–2030 - Соопштенија - Односи со јавност - Министерство за енергетика, рударство и минерални сировини - Република Северна Македонија. Following the public hearing, comments were submitted to the consulting team regarding the setting of a target for reducing energy poverty, in accordance with the Report of the Energy Community Secretariat. Implementation performance - Energy Community Homepage</p> <p>On 31.12.2025, the Ministry proposed the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers for 2026, which envisages that 60,000,000.00 denars from the RSM Budget will be allocated to households inhabited by people with disabilities, analogous to the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers for 2025.</p>
<p>Evidence provided</p>	<p>Energy Law Official journal number 101/25 and 135/25</p> <p>Unofficial translation of Draft Energy Law Official</p> <p>Request from the Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources for preparing an analysis on the experience of introducing block tariffs for electricity in the Republic of North Macedonia and a comparative review of experiences with the introduction of block tariffs in neighbouring countries, ref. no. 08-3908/1 of August 2025</p> <p>Letter from the Energy Regulatory Commission No. 12-1622/2 dated 30.09.2025 with an Analysis of the Experience of Introducing Block Tariffs for Electricity in the Republic of North Macedonia and a Comparative Review of Experiences with the Introduction of Block Tariffs in Neighbouring Countries</p> <p>Unofficial translation of Analysis of the Experience of Introducing Block Tariffs for Electricity in the Republic of North Macedonia and a Comparative Review of Experiences with the Introduction of Block Tariffs in Neighbouring Countries</p> <p>Methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Request for nomination of members of the working group

- [Decision to establish a working group to determine the Methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty, under ref. no. 08-784/1 of 02.02.2025](#)
- [Request for nomination of members of the working group from State Statistical Office](#)
- [Amendment and Supplement to Decision No. 03-784/2 of 04.03.2025](#)
- [Meeting minutes and attendance lists](#)
- [Unofficial translation of Meeting minutes](#)
- [Methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty](#)
- [Unofficial translation of Draft Methodology for measuring the level of energy poverty](#)
- [Measuring energy poverty in RNM](#)

Vulnerable Consumer Protection Program for 2025

- [Vulnerable Consumer Protection Program for 2025](#)
- [Unofficial translation of Vulnerable Consumer Protection Program for 2025](#)
- [Opinions from institutions regarding the Energy Vulnerable Consumers Program for 2025](#)

Public announcement for financial support for electricity costs for individuals who fall into the category of vulnerable energy consumers

- [Public announcement for financial support for electricity costs for individuals who fall into the category of vulnerable energy consumers](#)
- [Decisions on the formation of commissions](#)
- [Memorandums of cooperation between MEMMR with MSPDY and PRO](#)

- [Unofficial translation of Memorandum of cooperation with MSPDY](#)
- [Protocol for Cooperation with EVN LLC](#)
- [Payment settlements](#)

Program for amending and supplementing the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers for 2025

- [Program for amending and supplementing the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers for 2025](#)
- [Opinion from the MSPDY and the MF](#)

Public announcement for financial support for consumed electricity for people falling into the category of vulnerable energy consumers for 2025

- [Public announcement for financial support for consumed electricity for people falling into the category of vulnerable energy consumers for 2025](#)
- [Unofficial translation of the Public Call](#)
- [Letter to two public newspapers for publication of the Public Notice](#)
- [Decisions on the formation of commissions](#)
- [Payment settlements](#)
- [State Budget for 2026](#)

Public announcement for support to households that fall into the category of vulnerable energy consumers for 2025, by granting the right to a purchased and installed inverter air conditioner

- [Public announcement for support to households that fall into the category of vulnerable energy consumers for 2025, by granting the right to a purchased and installed inverter air conditioner](#)
- [Unofficial translation of the Public Call](#)
- [Letter to two public newspapers for publication of the Public Notice](#)
- [Decisions on the formation of commissions](#)

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Minutes of the public opening - Decision to annul the public procurement procedure <p>Draft Analysis on the need to amend the relevant legal and by-laws related to energy poverty</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Draft Analysis on the need to amend the relevant legal and by-laws related to energy poverty - Draft Meeting Minutes - Draft Report on the implementation of the Program for the Protection of Vulnerable Energy Consumers 2025 <p>Vulnerable Consumer Protection Program for 2026</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Vulnerable Consumer Protection Program for 2026
<p>Checks performed in the verification of the step and related findings</p>	<p>1. Official formation and monitoring of the Working Group:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Representatives from the Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources, Ministry of Social Policy, Demography and Youth, The Energy Regulatory Commission of RNM, State Statistical Office, Habitat Macedonia, EVN Home and Elektroditribucija DOOEL Skopje were nominated and registered as members of the Working Group. • Several official consultative meetings were held at the premises of the Ministry of Energy, Mining and Mineral Resources. • Attendance lists and protocols were kept for all meetings, verifying that the process was conducted transparently and in accordance with the rules. • The working group developed the Methodology for Measuring the Level of Energy Poverty and discussed the Analysis for Reducing the Level of Energy Poverty. • The Ministry keeps records of all received requests, issued decisions for acquiring the right to financial support and its payment. • All public calls are published on the Ministry's website, and in two daily newspapers, an email address ranlivipotrosuvaci@energy.gov.mk is open at which all interested parties can get answers to their questions. During the public announcements, employees of the Ministry answered questions on three open telephone lines.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Ministry has feedback (email communication) received from EVN Home on the monthly reduction of electricity bills for vulnerable categories from the first and second public announcements. Employees of the Ministry regularly monitor the manner of reducing the amount in electricity bills.
Compliance with general principles and DNSH principle	<p><i>The implementation of the steps does not contravene the general principles outlined in Article 4 and 11(4) of Regulation (EU) 2024/1449 and Article 3 of the Facility Agreement.</i></p> <p><i>The implementation of the steps does not contravene the 'Do No Significant Harm' principle (DNSH).</i></p>
Double funding	<p><i>Contributions from third parties were identified in support of the achievement of this step.</i></p> <p><i>FWC SIEA Лом 2 2018</i></p> <p><i>Delegation of the European Union</i></p> <p><i>North Macedonia</i></p> <p><i>Support to Energy Reforms</i></p> <p><i>Contract Number:</i></p> <p><i>FWC SIEA 2018 13696</i></p> <p><i>Analysis</i></p> <p><i>On reducing energy poverty in the Republic of North Macedonia: Systemic approach, legislative amendments and recommended measures (2025-2030)</i></p> <p><i>December 2025</i></p>
Clear conclusion on the achievement of the step	<i>Not Achieved</i>